

SUGGESTIONS TO THE GBF FROM THE AMAZON WITH AN INDIGENOUS PEOPLE'S PERSPECTIVE IN ORDER TO STRENGTHEN THE CONSERVATION RIGHTS-BASED APPROACH

These prescriptions strengthen the implementation of the following rights and approaches:



Autonomy and free determination for indigenous peoples



Territorial Rights



Cultural Rights



Youth and next generation rights



Recognition of the environmental functions of Indigenous Peoples



Recognition of the vital role of Indigenous Territories for carbon capture



Biocentric and Biocultural Approach



Gender Approach



Legitimacy of knowledge and management systems of indigenous peoples as effective conservation models for biodiversity protection

Target 3:

In the GBF implementation phase, Amazonia countries can adapt the 30x30 global target to the regional needs in their NBSAPs, making the Amazon in a pioneer region in the formulation of regional spatial targets for strategic bioregions for biodiversity protection.

Target 1:

A regional relevant target for the Amazon would ensure that the GBF includes key ecosystems which provide and regulate environmental benefits for people and environmental services.

Target 21:

Effective participation [in all phases: negotiation, implementation and monitoring and evaluation].

Implies the recognition of Indigenous peoples instruments for the management of their territories.

The protection of cultural diversity implies and ensures the protection of biological diversity, therefore **the definition of the targets must focus on biocultural conservation.**

Target 1:

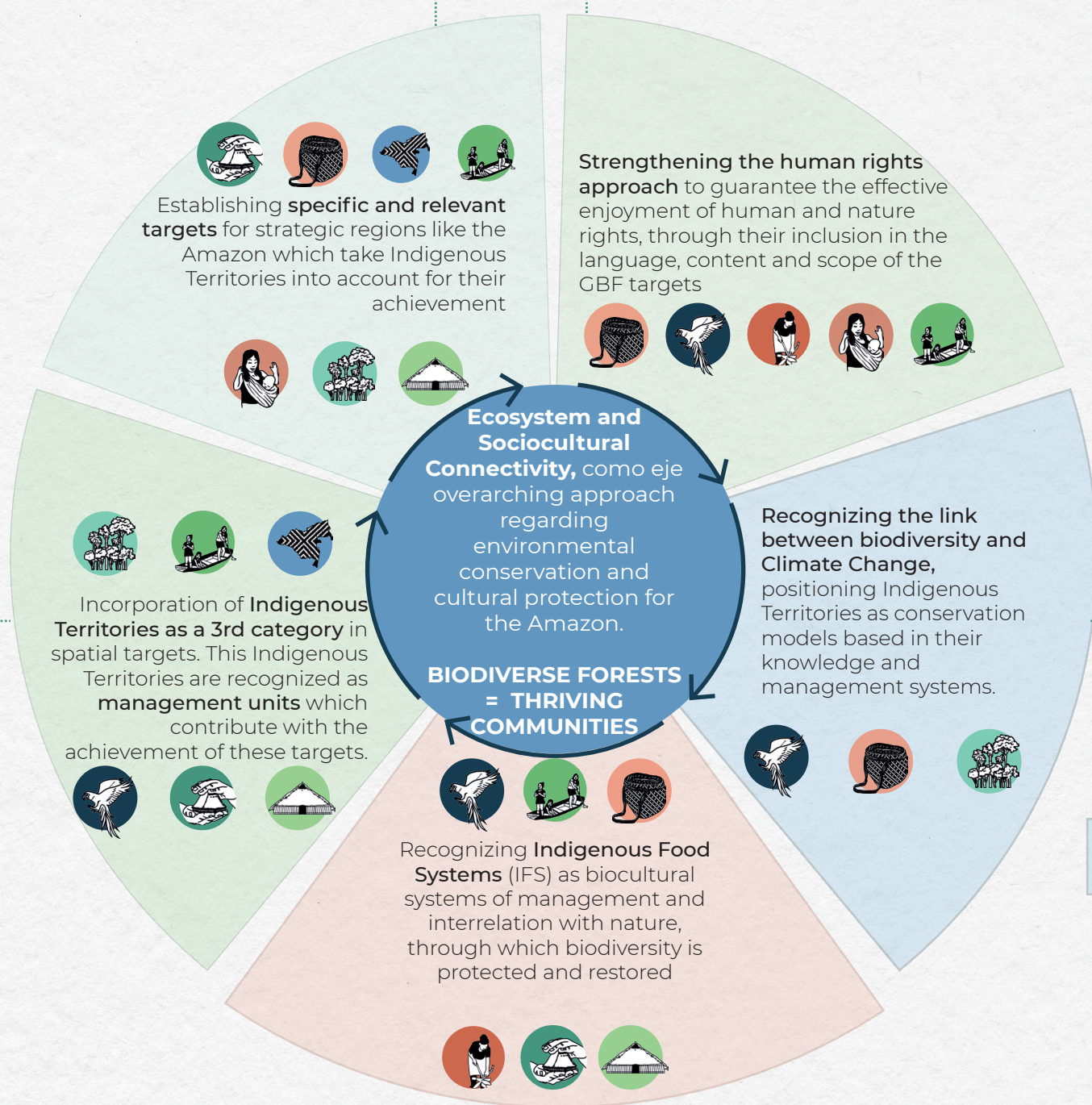
Effective management and integral spatial planning should include [Indigenous Peoples autonomous land planning and management as determinant elements for land use and planning]

Target 3:

Include [Indigenous Territories] as a 3rd category, additionally to Protected Areas and OECMs.

Target 20:

The inclusion of Indigenous Territories in Target 3 ensures that Target 20 will correctly approach traditional knowledge and practices of Indigenous Peoples as a legitimate source of knowledge for decision making.



amplifying the perspective of this target in order for it to recognize the contributions of biodiversity for climate regulation, and should include [cultural solutions and traditional knowledge] to highlight this relation.

+Biodiversity = -Carbon emissions

Target 9:

Including [Indigenous Food Systems] as means to guarantee customary sustainable use of Indigenous Peoples as established in this target, which at the same time guarantee environmental benefits for all people.

Target 10:

Including IFS in Target 10 as systems that ensure a sustainable use of biodiversity and contribute with ecosystem resilience and restoration.

Target 20:

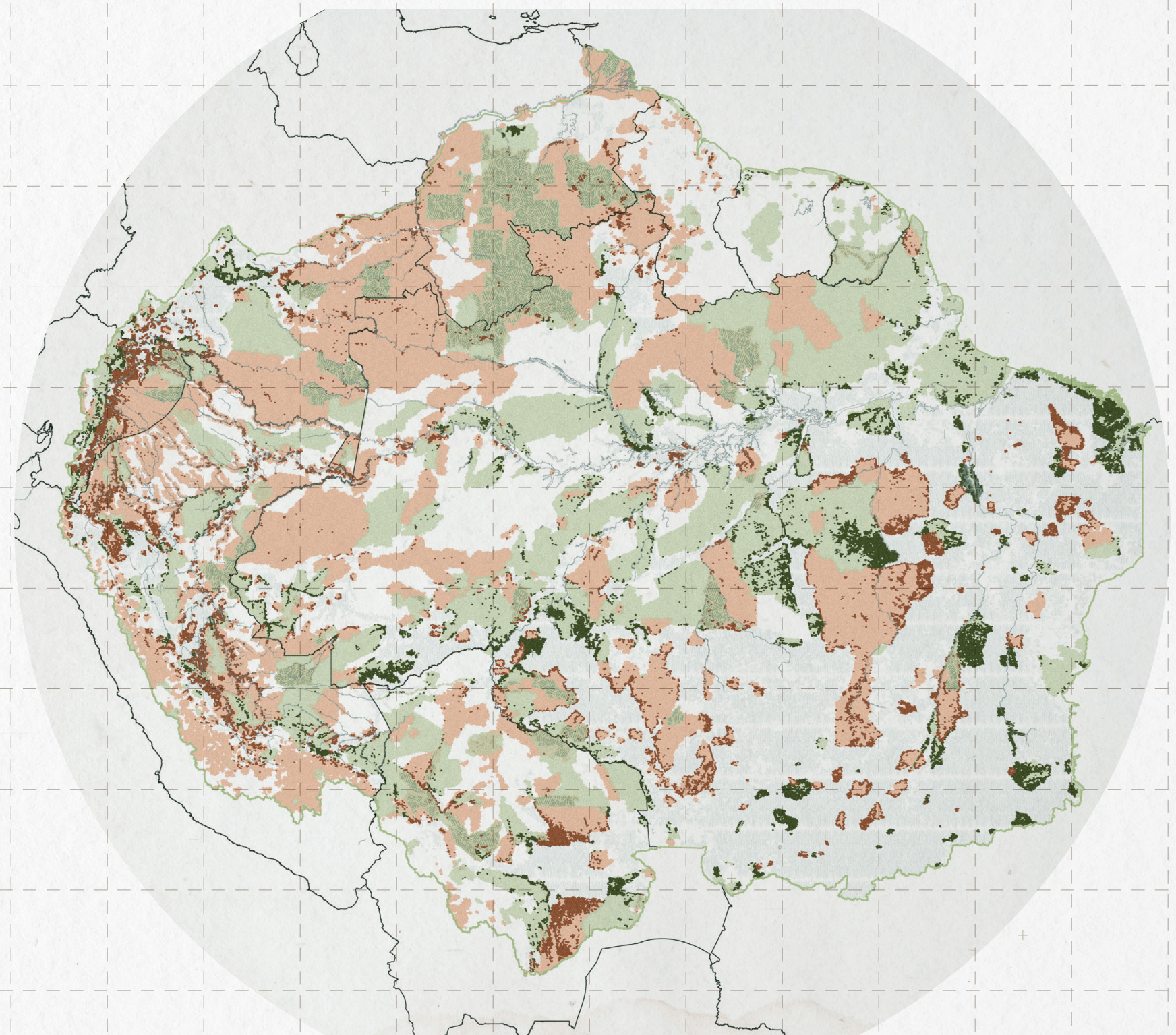
Including IFS in Targets 9 and 10 also ensures an integral approach to Target 20, in which Indigenous People's traditional knowledge and cultural practices are recognized as legitimate and taken into account for decision making.

FOREST COVER IN INDIGENOUS TERRITORIES AND NATURAL PROTECTED AREAS IN THE AMAZON

In the Amazon, 87.5% of the deforestation happens outside of Indigenous Territories and Natural Protected Areas, which currently encompass 47.2% of the biome. As shown in this map, forest loss is increasing towards healthy forest areas. For this reason, in order to halt deforestation and ensure cultures can thrive, it is important to recognize the fundamental role of Indigenous Territories in biodiversity protection.

KEY

- Deforestation: Indigenous Territories (IT)
- Deforestation: Protected Natural Areas (PNA)
- Conservation in: Indigenous Territories (IT)
- Conservation in: Protected Natural Areas (PNA)
- Overlapping PNAs and ITs
- Land under no category



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